



**INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT
MIDDLE SECTION
DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SCIENCE**

REVISION WORKSHEET



NAME: _____ **CLASS VIII SEC:** _____ **ROLL NO:** _____ **DATE:** _____ /2/2019

S.NO

I. FILL IN THE BLANKS

1. Begum _____ started schools for Muslim girls in Patna and Calcutta.
2. The _____ movement urged countries not to join either of the two major alliances.
3. The Second Five Year Plan focused on the development of heavy _____
4. The Indian states were formed on the basis of _____ group
5. The _____ parties play a critical role in the healthy functioning of a democracy.
6. Governor General Dalhousie declared that _____ was being misgoverned and British rule was needed for proper administration.
7. According to the Constitution, every individual charged of a crime has to be given a _____ trial.
8. The number of births per thousand people _____
9. Tea is a beverage crop grown on _____
10. The ultimate aim of agricultural development is _____
11. Rocks from which minerals are mined are called _____
12. Agro-based industries use plant and animal based products as _____ materials.
13. An important role of Parliament is to be _____ to the problems faced by people.
14. From establishing the need for a new law to its being passed, at every stage of the process the _____ of the citizen is a crucial element.
15. The _____ is supposed to ensure that safety laws are implemented.
16. _____ says no one can be forced to work for low wages or under bondage.
17. To ensure that workers are not under paid and/or are paid fairly, the Government has enacted a _____.

II. NAME THE FOLLOWING:

1. Countries like United States of America and Australia have gained in numbers by _____
2. A Hazardous Industry that is growing rapidly in South Asia: _____
3. A person or organization that produces goods for sale in the market: _____
4. The _____ Movement was launched in 1930.
5. This turned out to be the first all-India struggle, though it was largely restricted to the cities. _____
6. The person who founded Satnami movement - _____
7. The person who proclaimed one caste, one religion one god for human kind – _____
8. The foreign minister of newly independent India. _____
9. The alliance formed by political parties after elections when no party has been able to get adequate seats to form a clear majority: _____
10. Breeding of fish in specially constructed tanks and ponds.

11. Petroleum and its derivatives are called as _____.
12. _____ was the first country in the world to develop hydroelectricity.
13. The Supreme Court of India in the early 1980s devised this mechanism to increase access to justice. _____
14. A person who is called upon in court to provide first- hand account of what he/ she has seen, heard or known. _____
15. Tribal language that has the largest number of speakers.

16. The social evil that was abolished by the Article 17 of Indian Constitution.

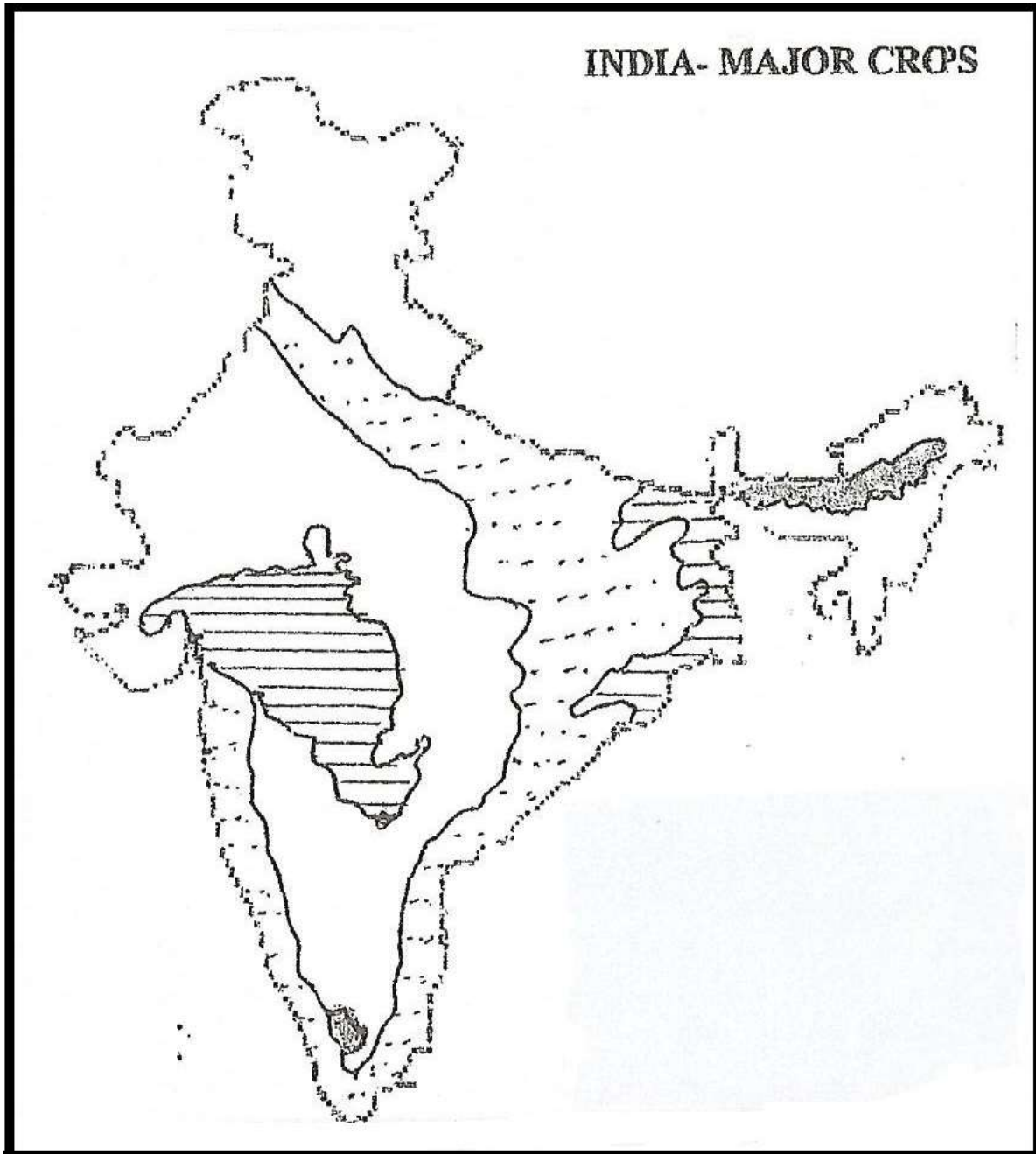
17. The old zamindar of Bihar who joined the rebel sepoy and battled with the British-

18. The highly poisonous gas that killed thousands of people in Bhopal:

19. The river that is getting polluted due to effluents from Industries in Delhi Industrial belt: _____
20. In India only three states have formulated specific plans to rescue and rehabilitate children, who are working as domestic servants: _____
21. These are a nation's greatest resource. _____
22. The average density of population in India is _____ per square kilometer.

ON THE GIVEN OUTLINE MAP, MARK, SHADE AND LABEL THE FOLLOWING:

- a) A beverage crop grown in the north east of India.
- b) A fibre crop grown in the Deccan Region.
- c) A beverage crop in South India.
- d) A food crop which is extensively grown in the north-eastern region.



ON THE GIVEN MAP OF INDIA MARK THE FOLLOWING:

1. Silicon Plateau 2. India's first Iron & Steel Plant 3. Iron and Steel Plant in South India
4. Cotton Textile Industry in South India 4. Manchester of India 4. Bhilai 5. Ludhiana

